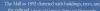
IA 1900 • PRESENT

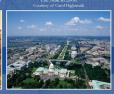
AIA AND THE

PLAN OF THE NATION'S CAPITAL

As the year 1900 approached, architects saw the opportunity to help celebrate the Centennial of the











3. Gaining Congressional Support

Without Congressional support, nothing could get done, In 1901, a newly organized ATA Committee on Legislation met with Senator John McMillan of Michigan, chairman of the Senate District of Columbia Committee. McMillan was interested in clearing the Mall as well as developing the park system of Westington. He secured the passage of a Senate Resolution that created the Senate Park Commission, also known as the McMillan Commission. McMillank Staff Director, Charles Moore, suggested that Chicago inchired Daniel Burnham head the team. Burnham chose frederick Law Olmsted L. New York architect Charles McKim, and sculptor Augustus Saint-Gaudens. Under Burnham's leadership the McMillan Commission fook the broad concept of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the Parks resolution and furned it into a complemant of the National Mall.











O. SELLING AND IMPLEMENTING THE DESIGN The key to success was winning the support of the President Congress, and the national public. Arrists were selected to prepare large color renderings of the design proposals. President McKinley, his Catiners, leaders of the Congress, and the general public were invited to view the designs on display at the Corcoran Gallery of Art. AIAs ongoing advocacy in ensuing decades ensured that the McMillan Plan was followed. In the decade following the 1900 National AIA meeting, the National Convention was field in Washington six times. Daniel Burnham was appointed chairman of the U.S. Commission of Fine Arts, the body created to provide aesthetic advice on Washington architecture, and served from its formation in 1919 until 1912. Charles Moore chaired Fine Arts from 1915 to 1937.









