

THE NATIONAL MALL BELONGS TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE





The Mall is the epitome of our Democracy and Constitution.
There never has been a time more appropriate to remind ourselves of that.





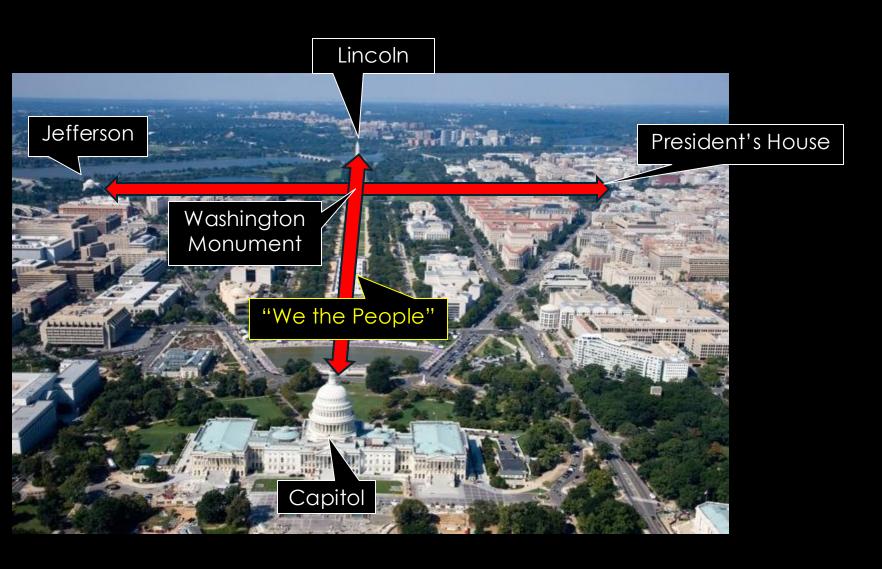
The National Mall Coalition appeals to the American people to join our urgent call for the creation of a Commission charged with planning the needed expansion of our National Mall. . .



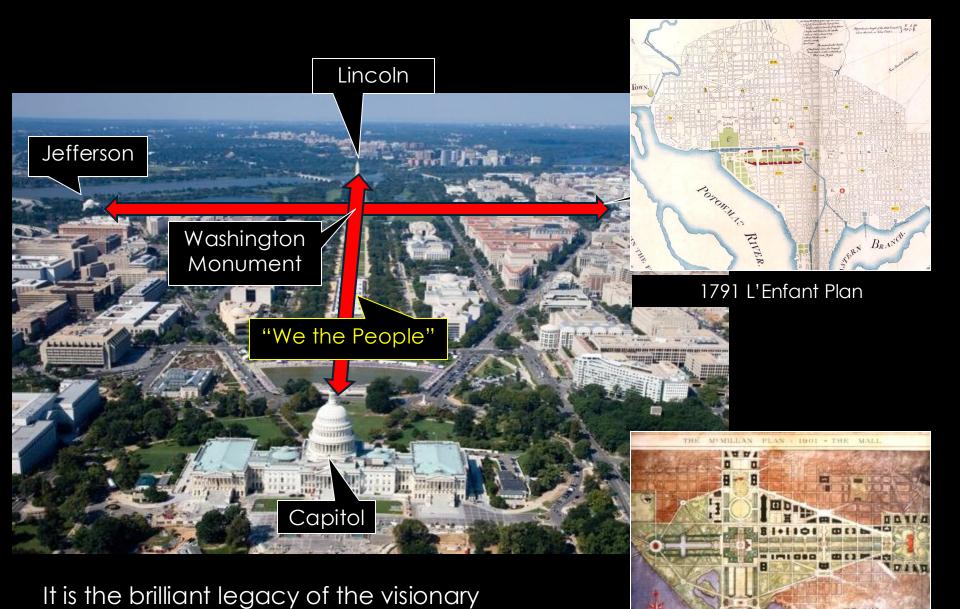


... and leave a legacy, a special gift to future generations, when we celebrate our country's 250th anniversary in July 2026.

Why a Mall Commission?



The Mall design embodies the American Constitution.



L'Enfant Plan and the expanded McMillan Plan.

1902 McMillan Plan



The American people have given the Mall its meaning as the Stage for American Democracy.



The vision originated with President Washington and Peter Charles L'Enfant and was expanded in 1901-2 by top designers, including Daniel Burnham and Frederick Law Olmsted Jr.











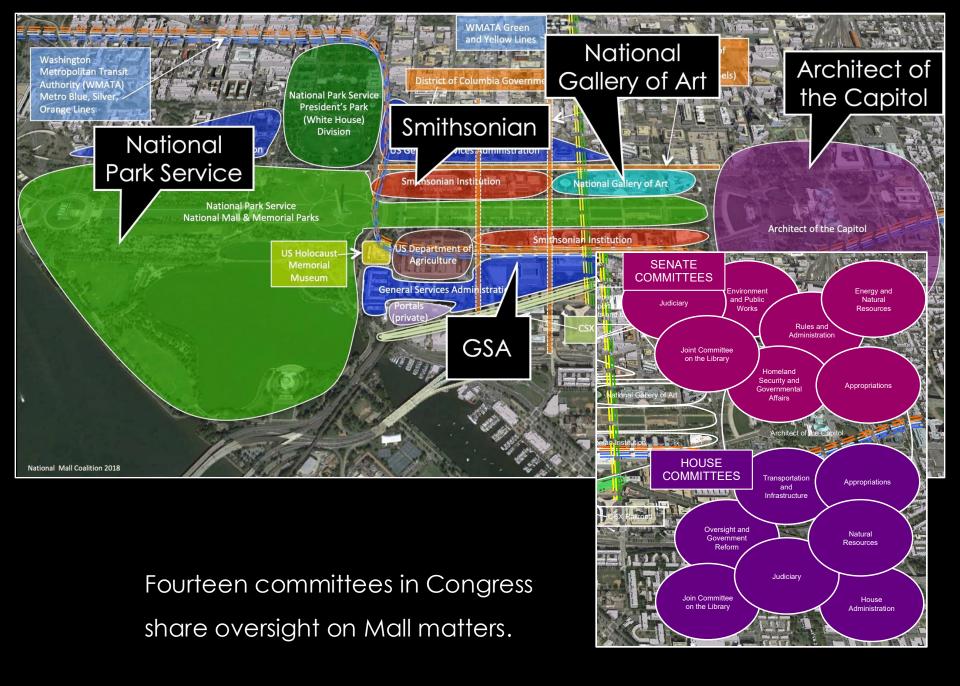


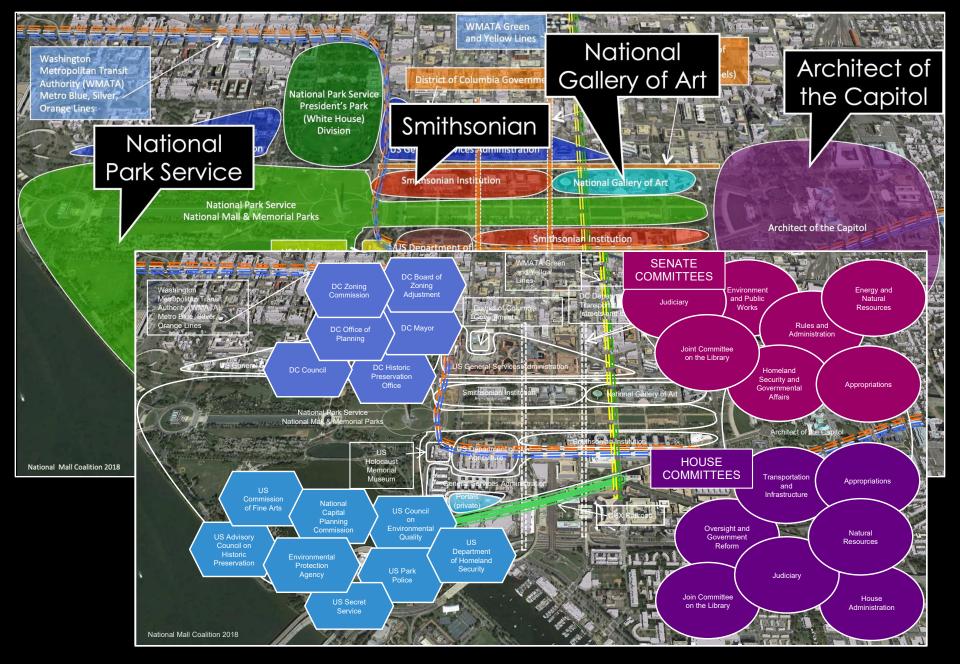
Commission of independent visionary architects, engineers, landscape architects, civic leaders, the public: HOW CAN THE HISTORICAL MALL CONTINUE TO TELL MORE OF THE AMERICAN STORY?

Why now?



Who's in charge of the Mall? No one. Each entity plans for its own needs.

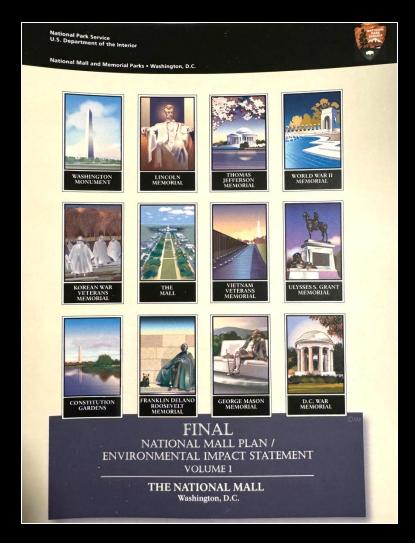




DC and federal review further complicates decision-making.

The National Park Service's 2010 Mall Plan starts from the premise that the Mall is complete:

"Congress declared [the National Mall] to be 'a substantially completed work of civic art' in 2003"



NPS National Mall Plan (2010)

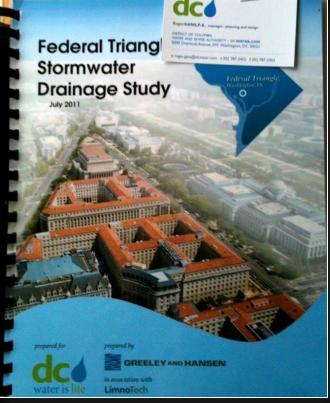


But Congress continues to approve new projects for the Mall.



June 2006

Flooding that threatens our national treasures remains unresolved.





HOME

STATE TEAMS

RES

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Federal

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Baltimore District
- U.S Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Region III
- National Park Service (NPS)
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's National Weat Service (NOAA/NWS)
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS)
- U.S. Army, Military District of Washington (MDW)
- U.S. Navy, Naval District Washington (NDW)
- U.S. Navy, Joint Base Anacostia/Bolling (JBAB)
- General Services Administration (GSA)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- National Capital Planning Commission (NCPC)
- District of Columbia National Guard

District of Columbia

- Department of Energy and Environment (DOEE)
- DC Homeland Security and Emergency Management Agency (HSEN
- DC Office of Planning (OP)
- Deputy Mayor for Public Safety and Justice
- Department of Public Works (DPW)
- Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs (DCRA)
- District Department of Transportation (DDOT)
- Department of Insurance, Securities and Banking (DISB)

Regional

- DC Water and Sewer Authority (DC WATER)
- Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA)
- Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments (MWCOG)





After years of study, results are "inconclusive."









NCPC 1997 Extending the Legacy Plan

NCPC's 2001 Memorials & Museums Master Plan

NCPC's 2013 SW Ecodistrict Plan

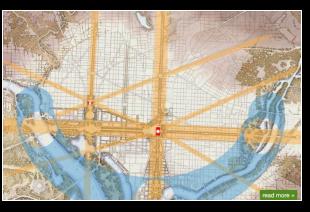




NCPC has proposed useful plans to make other areas more "Mall-like" . . .



NCPC 1997 Extending the Legacy Plan



NCPC's 2001 Memorials & Museums Master Plan



NCPC's 2013 SW Ecodistrict
Plan



Pa Ave Initiative



Kennedy Center-Foggy Bottom Study

... including the recent Pennsylvania Avenue and Kennedy Center initiatives.







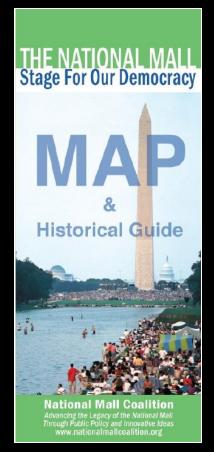
Future plans are proposed for everywhere but the Mall.





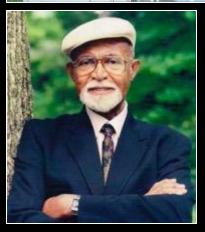
There's no unifying vision to knit separate plans into a cohesive whole.

What is the National Mall Coalition?













Since our founding in 2000 by Washington-area architects, planners, historians, and other citizens eager to advocate visionary planning for our National Mall for the 21st century, . . .

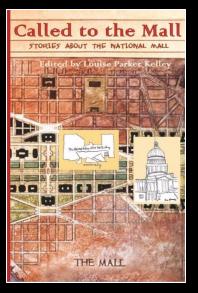


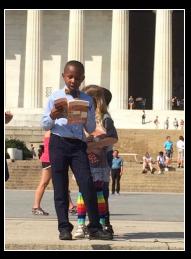




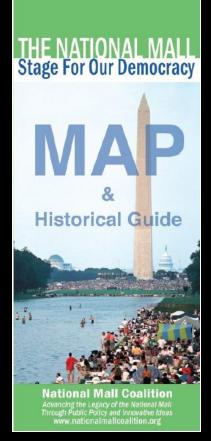








... the non-profit National Mall Coalition has created public exhibitions on Mall history; invited the public to propose ideas for a livelier Washington Monument landscape; collaborated with schools –





 and distributed to over a million Mall visitors our free National Mall map that shows all the monuments and museums and tells the story of the Mall's origins and evolution into the Stage For Our Democracy.

When You Set Foot On The National Mall, The Founding Fathers Speak To You. Stage For Our Democracy

National Mall, the Founding Fathers speak to you From their marble monuments, and across the centuries, they tell of the ideals that gave birth to our government "of the people, by the people, for the people..."

petition, relax in the beautiful setting, or to reflect, you are part of a long tradition of our democracy ir

The First Century Mall

In 1791, President George Washington chose Pierre L'Enfant-soldier, architect and ngineer-to plan the new capital The Mall was to be the symbolic heart of the city and the newly founded nation. L'Enfant called the Mall public walks" and a "place of general esort" lined by theaters, academies, foreign chanceries, and "all such sort of places as may be attractive to the arned and afford diversion..."

By the mid-nineteenth century. ou could have explored the new Smithsonian "Castle." marveled at animals in the zoo, and meandered through paths of romantic gardens or the Mall. During the Civil War, you ould have chatted with soldiers encamped there. Later, you might Richmond or Baltimore

Where L'Enfant saw a grand public refreshing pools, the Mall had stead become fragmented by chaotic, congested development. Industrial smoke was belching in the shadow of the Capitol. Unhealthy, malarial marshes stretched beyond

owing dramatically, as was the





memorials, public buildings, and

The Second Century Mall

In 1901 Congress established the McMillan Commission to renew L'Enfant's vision.

The McMillan Plan proposed a great formal public park in the spirit of Versailles and the Tuileries in Paris It more than doubled the size of the Mall to the west and south on landfill dredged from the Potomac by the Army Corps of Engineers, giving us the Tidal Basin and sites for the Lincoln and Jefferson Memorials. as well as an expanded plan for the future of the Mall

The McMillan Plan guided development for over seventy years The clutter east of the Washington Monument gave way to the open green promenade lined with Smithsonian museums and the National Gallery of Art. With the emoval of World War I and II temporary" buildings along the



But the National Mall developed as more than a public open space. It became a great stage for expression of our democratic ideals.

citizens organized a "march on Washington" to petition their elected leaders directly. "Coxey's Army" of unemployed workers converged on the Capitol seeking relief from a severe economic depression. In 1913 the Suffragists' demand for women's rights proved that Washington demonstrations could be dramatic, dignified, and effective. Nineteen years later, "Bonus March" veterans

> The Mall also became the nation's world-renowned site for declaring and demonstrating that all Americans are entitled to equal rights. In 1939

promise of a bonus for their service



Marian Anderson, denied access to Constitution Hall because of her race sang "My Country, "Tis Of Thee" on the steps of the Lincoln Memorial A quarter century later, on those same steps, Martin Luther King Jr. proclaimed, "I have a dream..

invoking the words of the Founders The Mall had become

of Americans come each year to protest, petition, honor, as well as to celebrate and enjoy our nation's heritage. The world has seen: glorious July 4th fireworks, the Farmers' Protest, the AIDS Quilt. anti-war demonstrations, a grand Bicentennial celebration, the Million Man March, Annual Folklife and Kite Festivals Presidential Inaugurations Memorial Day concerts, and more.

Toward the end of the 20th century the Vietnam Veterans Memorial triggered a new era of memorial building: the Korean War Veteran Memorial, the FDR Memorial, and



Visitor Center, and the Museum of African American History and Cul-

be very difficult to keep. There can generations will want their place

What, then, is the future of the National Mall?

The National Coalition to Save Our Mall, a collaboration of the integrity and meaning of the

The time has come for the Mall to expand again, as it did with the McMillan Plan a century ago, to provide space for the full expression of our evolving democracy. The next major memorial or museum could launch this new expansion...a grand THIRD CENTURY MALL

For more information about the Third Century http://www.savethemall.org









democracy's stage. Millions

the Martin Luther King Jr. Memorial, THE MALL TODAY

These memorials put more pressur

imposed a moratorium on future

declaring the Mall "a substantially

completed work of civic art." But

Congress has already authorized

additional memorials and structures

memorials and visitors centers,

on the Mall's symbolic, but shrinking,

Security concerns have changed the Mall. interrupted by security barriers and

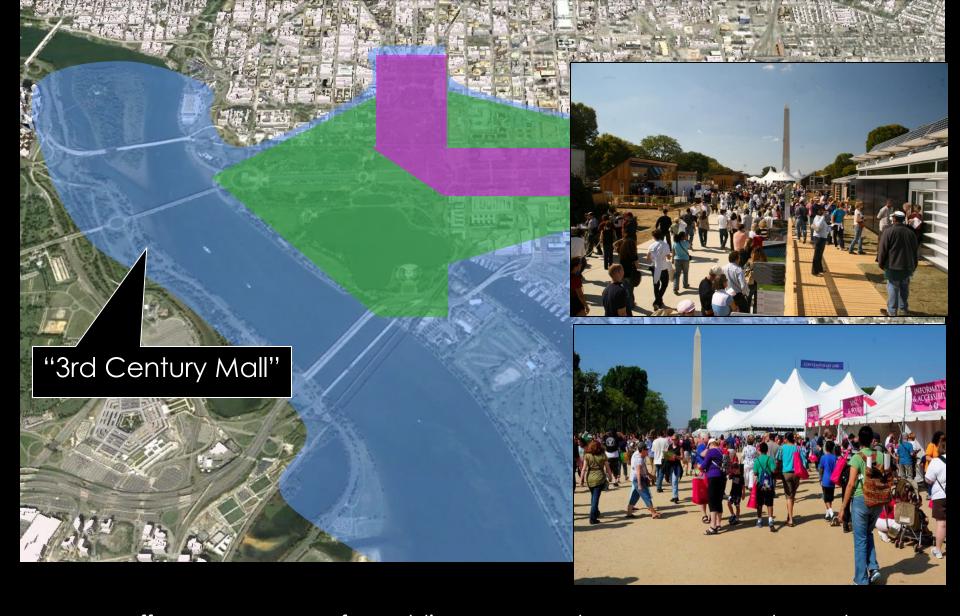




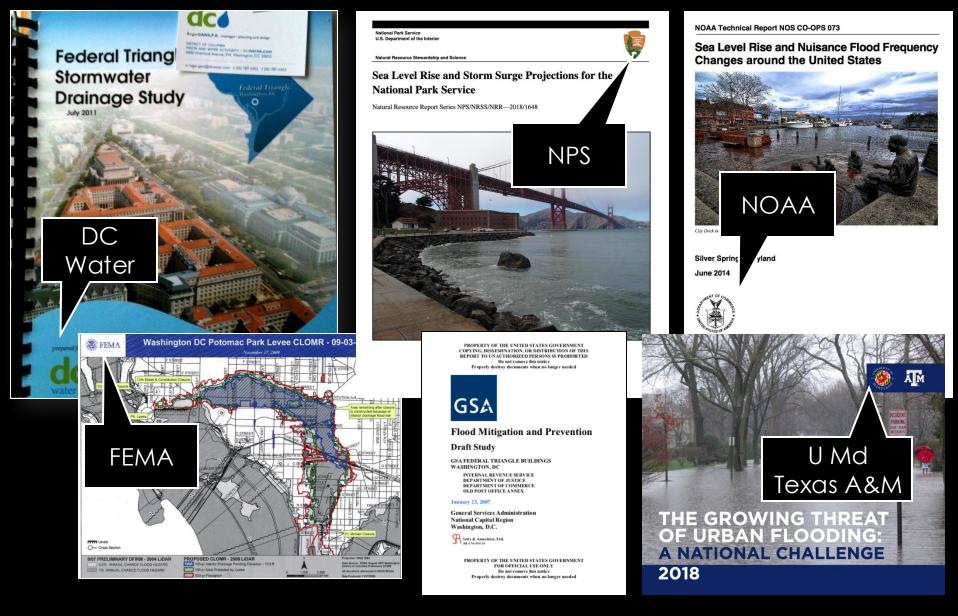
To give the Mall space to grow with our evolving Democracy, the Coalition has proposed expanding the Mall boundaries onto contiguous public lands, in a thoughtful way that . . .



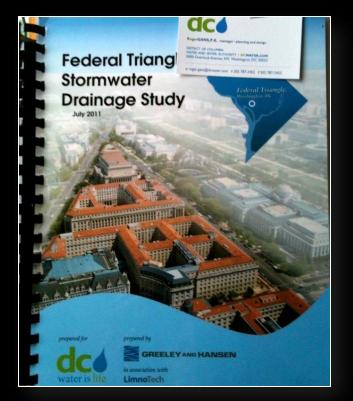
... advances the brilliant legacy of the historical plans and ...



... offers new venues for public monuments, museums, and events to create an even livelier civic stage.



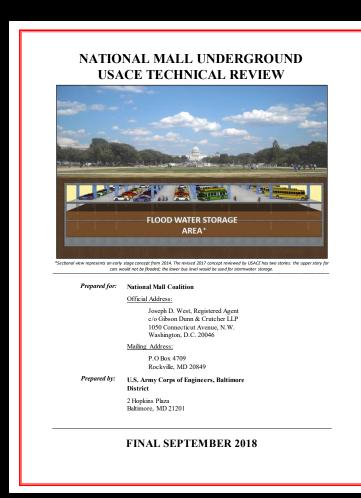
In the face of flooding, a well understood existential threat to the Mall but with no solutions forthcoming from government, we have proposed...







- ... a "National Mall Underground" multipurpose facility with much-needed public amenities:
- Flood reservoir
- Geothermal clean energy
- Mall welcome center
- Bus parking.

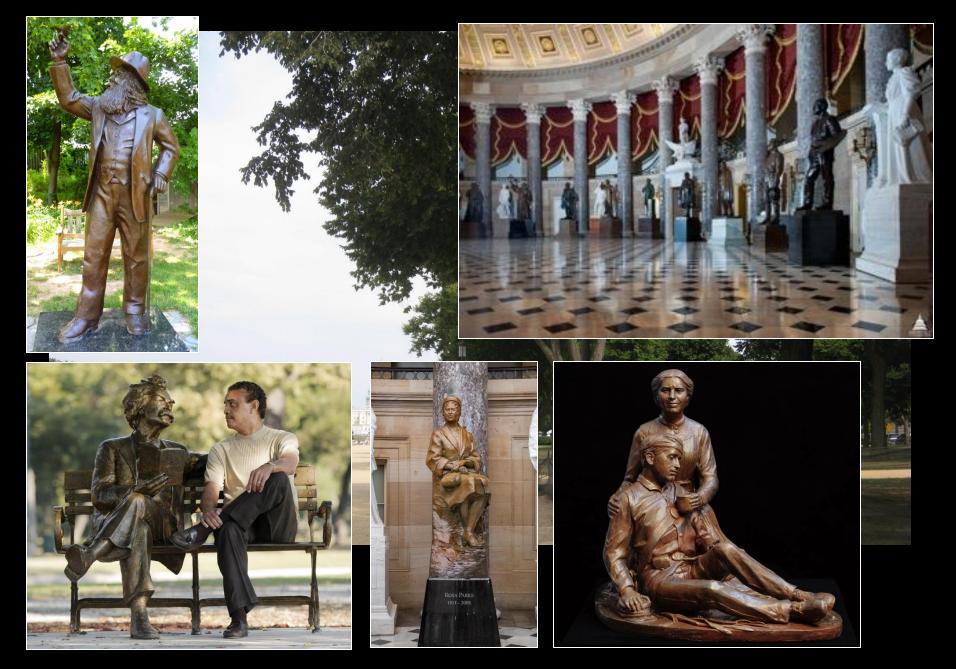




The US Army Corps of Engineers' 2018 report found that "Flood risk . . . could be reduced significantly . . . by implementation of the Underground."



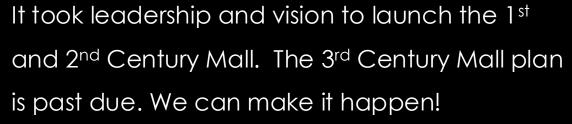
We have proposed improving the Mall's role in civics education. The long promenade could be enlivened as a kind of Statuary Hall on the Mall...



... populated with significant figures from American history.

It's time to take the long view . . .









A 3rd Century Mall
Commission of
independent visionary
architects, engineers,
landscape architects,
civic leaders, the public.





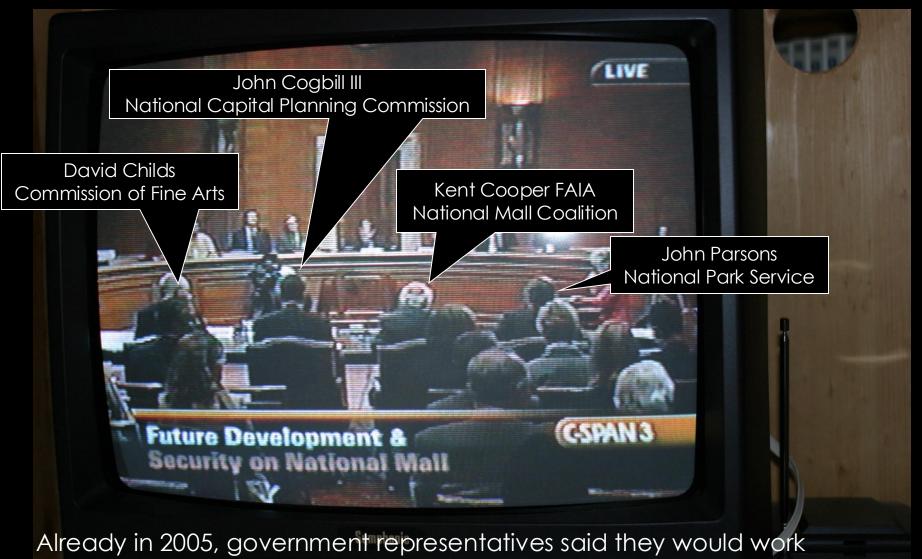




What will a Commission entail?

- 7 11 Commission members
- \$2 million budget
- 18 months duration
- Report (or progress report)
 announced on July 4th, 2026

A 3rd Century Mall
Commission of
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Already in 2005, government representatives said they would work together on a new vision for the Mall during testimony before the Senate Energy Committee chaired by Sen. Craig Thomas (R-WY).

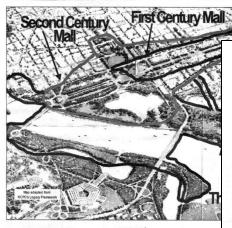


But the resulting NPS 2010 plan is a maintenance plan for a "completed" Mall, not an optimistic vision for the future.

The Washington Post

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

Monday, March 21, 2005



Fred Hiatt

Let the Mall Grow

The Mall is close to full. The next wouldbe stakeholder, the National Museum of African American History and Culture, should and probably will find a choice spot. But no one believes there won't be more museums and monuments clamoring for space. As history unspools, Americans will want to commemorate it, and the Mall will be their first choice.

This dilemma may seem to have only two outcomes, both undesirable. More and more structures could be crammed onto the Mall, to its detriment. Or worthy projects could be forced to accept what their proponents consider second-class addresses.

There is another way, however: The Mall could grow. If this sounds outlandish, re-

member that it's happened before. The used to end at the Washington Monun In 1901-02, the McMillan Plan called fo tending the Mall south and west by filling part of the river. Doubters predicted the one would venture into the new swampl But over the century the Lincoln afferson memorials, Vietnam Veterans Merial and Constitution Gardens have prial and Constitution Gardens have price "new "Mall reasonably popular."

The National Mall Third Century In tive, a program of the National Coalitio Save Our Mall, a nonprofit advocacy gr says the Mall could grow again for the century — this time by reengineering the riverbank but our concept of the N Let it swing around through East Poto

The Washington Post

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

SUNDAY, MAY 25, 2008

Appalled by the Mall

The historic ground is a victim of both popularity and official neglect. What to do?

A LOT OF grand words were used last week to describe the Mall: "iconic land-scape," "the people's place," "great swath of green," "hallowed ground." "America's civic stage" and — in the vernacular of its famed designer — "the vast esplanade." Unfortunately, though, the most accurate description heard was "disgrace." Conditions are so bad that a lot more than words are needed if this special place is to be saved.

Crumbling walkways, dead grass, dirty pools and sinking seawalls were some of the problems highlighted at a congressional oversight hearing. The Mall has neither proper amenities nor appropriate educational programs to serve the 25 million people who visit each year. Overuse and delayed maintenance are the culprits. Members of Congress who now tsk-tsk now the Members of Congress who now tsk-tsk now the National Park Service the money to do its job. Recent budgets for the Mall and memorial parks have barely kept pace with inflation, even as the demands have grown.

So it's a good thing that the private sector is stepping forward with a willingness to help raise money. Congress is not off the hook, but we applaud the efforts of the Trust for the National Mall, a nonprofit founded by a D.C. businessman who became appalled by Mall conditions during his daily jogs, John E. "Chip" Akridge proposes to raise \$500 million via a partnership with the National Park Service

modeled after the successful Central Park Conservancy in New York. It held its national launch this month, attracting 500 supporters and raising more than \$600,000. On other fronts, the park service is developing a blue-print for action, Mayor Adrian M. Fenty's administration is interested in taking a more active role and Del. Eleanor Holmes Norton (D. D.C.) is pushing legislation to expand the Mall.

These efforts would help solve some of the maintenance and management issues, but questions about the Mall's future remain unresolved. The challenges of today simply didn't exist when Pierre L'Enfant laid out the expanse of open space. He could not have envisioned the more than 3,000 annual applications for public gathering permits - from house-building displays for hurricane victims to war protests. How to deal with these constant and myriad demands for public use, what to do about flooding, how to better connect the Mall to the city center - all are among the questions that need to be addressed. Responsibility for the Mall is fragmented among different agencies, and oversight is split among at least eight congressional committees. The last comprehensive look at the Mall was in 1902 by the McMillan Commission. So there is much merit to the National Coalition to Save Our Mall's proposal that Congress charter a commission to devise - and then implement - a vision for the coming decades.

The Washington Post

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

EDITORIALS

SUNDAY, MARCH 31, 2013

One fix for three problems

The solution to congestion at the Mall could also address some added benefits.

AL is for anyone who has Mall, looking for a place to as been irritated by all the reling the Mall, looking for ho has breathed fumes of ar the Mall, or had a perfect idling buses. Or who has family to the Mall and use it would be impossible

o's been stuck on the Mall

ivic-minded nonprofit oronal Coalition to Save the hat sounds like a pretty rking under the Mall. The up suggests might stretch treets NW, would serve a fing on its bottom level inwater and groundwater it to capture water in the event of major floods. The water could help keep the Mall's grass green, and the extra capacity could save Constitution Avenue and its buildings from damage in an era of increasingly severe weather.

Officials have recognized the need for such a flood-control facility, but an estimated \$400 million cost has put off serious consideration. Over a long period (say, 30 years), parking fees, primarily from buses and out-of-town tourists, could pay for the construction.

And why stop there? Promoters of the idea, who include the philanthropic president of Southern Engineering Corp., Albert H. Small; the architect Arthur Cotton Moore; and coalition chair Judy Scott Feldman, point out that such an underground space could include washrooms for tourists, shower facilities for tour bus drivers and underground connections among the museums and Metro. Fees and parking hours would have to be thought out carefully. But if the internal roads of the Mall could be freed up for pedestrians and cyclists, maybe along with a Circulator bus, the

visiting experience would be more pleasant for everyone.

So far the idea is in the early stages, with plenty of financial and engineering challenges no doubt to come. But as always on the Mall, the biggest challenge may be political: So many local, regional and federal agencies have overlapping claims to the territory that it's hard to get anything done.

The promoters have taken the idea to many of these stakeholders and, so far, have received encouragement. Del. Eleanor Holmes Norton (D-D.C.) told us that a great deal of 'due diligence' obviously would be needed but that she liked the coalition's idea of a public-private partnership and the principle of going underground.

Pedro Ribeiro, spokesman for Mayor Vincent C. Gray (D), told us that the absence of tour-bus parking is a particular problem for managing traffic around the Mall. City officials think the idea is intriguing and worth further exploration, Mr. Phietro scie

We think so too.

The Washington Post has been our big-ideas champion all along.

Washington Post architecture critic Benjamin Forgey in 2009 criticized the latest DC OP and NCPC and NPS plans for the city and Mall that "lack the courage and boldness needed for an enlightened 21st century" and said of the Coalition's call for a commission "I bet the response would be terrific. I bet a great majority of Americans would say, yes, we want only the very best for our capital."

(http://www.bizjournals.com/washington/stories/2009/08/17/tidbits6.html?page=all)

The Washington Post editorialized in 2008: "The last comprehensive look at the Mall was in 1902 by the McMillan Commission. So there is much merit to the National Coalition to Save Our Mall's proposal that Congress charter a commission to devise — and then implement — a vision for the coming decades." (http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2008/05/24/AR2008052401612.html)

The Post's "Shaping the City" columnist Roger Lewis in 2008 praised the Coalition's idea that "would bring forth a new, visionary plan." (https://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2008/12/05/AR2008120501626.html)

Senior editor Andrew Ferguson of the conservative Weekly Standard stated in 2006: "It's a long and honorable line of visionaries Feldman and her friends invite us to join, stretching back through Moore to Downing, and beyond him to the great L'Enfant himself, who had the imagination and pluck to look out on a mess and dare to see a mall." (http://www.weeklystandard.com/Content/Public/Articles/000/000/005/933yvhhs.asp?nopager=1)





The Mall is our American Acropolis, symbol of American Democracy of who we are as a country and people, and who we aspire to be.





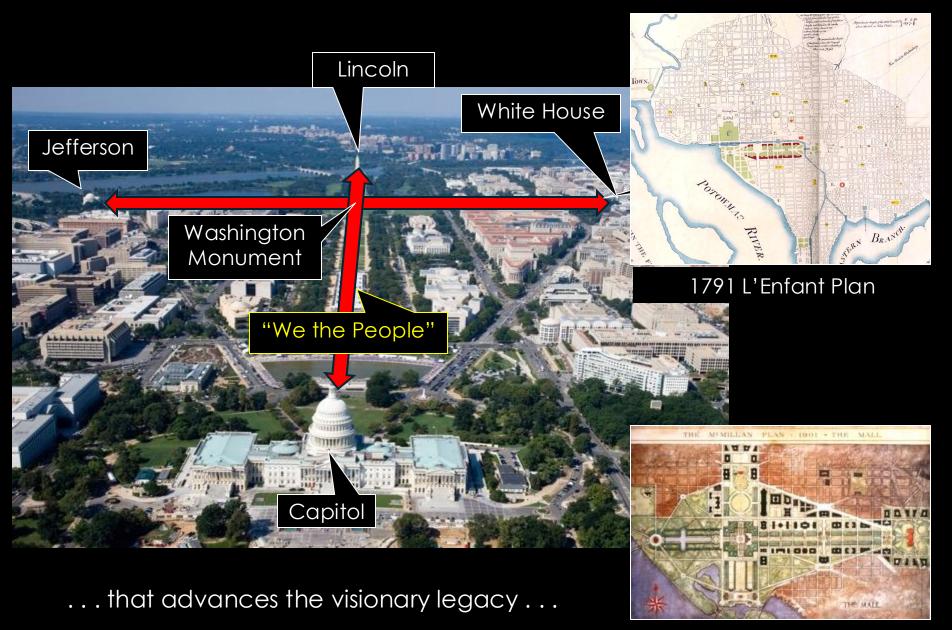


"Completed"?
History never ends.





Instead, a unifying vision for the Mall in its (and our) 3rd century...



1902 McMillan Plan



... and keeps the American people at the center of this Stage for American Democracy.





America is going through a traumatic moment in our history. The Mall's ability to educate the public has been overlooked.

The Mall can be our greatest civics teacher to the millions of people who visit the Mall each year, especially students from across the country visiting Washington.







Imagine the Future of American Democracy with the 3rd Century Mall

National Mall Coalition

www.nationalmallcoalition.org

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